

Checklist for Germany 1919-1939

Area	Good	Okay	Need to revise
Impact of the Treaty of Versailles (what was it, main terms, effects and how Germans felt about it)			
Weaknesses of the Weimar Republic including the different uprising including the Spartacist, Kapp Putsch and Munich Putsch (this was known as political instability)			
Hyperinflation			
Events in the Ruhr in 1923			
Early Nazi party			
Who was Gustav Stresemann and why was he important?			
Recovery from hyperinflation			
Dawes plan			
Young plan			
Locarno Pact			
League of Nations			
Effect of US investment			
Social and political developments (housing, unemployment relief and wages and how politics changed at the time)			
Changes in culture			
Changes for women			
Impact of the Great Depression on the German people and the Weimar Republic			
Why people voted for Hitler (his electoral appeal)			
Role of the SA during elections			
Role of Propaganda during elections			
Fear of communism			
The German Communist Party			
Reasons Hitler became Chancellor including political scheming between Von Papen, Von Schleicher, Hindenburg and Hitler			
When Hitler became Chancellor			
The Reichstag Fire			
March Election 1933			
Enabling Act and consequences of the act e.g. banning of trade unions and opposition			
Night of the Long Knives			
Hitler becoming Fuhrer (referendum)			
Nazis reduced unemployment: RAD, DAF, KDF, Rearmament, Autarky – what it was and why it was important? Invisible unemployment			

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Women in Nazi Germany (ideal woman, policies for women and successes – make sure you learn 3 Ks)			
Young people in Nazi – school, education and youth movement			
Nazi racial belief – master race			
Nazi treatment of Jews 1933-1939			
Kristallnacht			
Use of SS			
Use of Gestapo			
The Nazis controlled the legal system			
Concentration camps			
Propaganda; rallies, radios, cinema, censorship, newspapers and the arts			
The role of Goebbels			
Terror vs persuasion			
Hitler's foreign policy (how the Nazis dealt with other countries and his aims)			
Hitler's foreign policy aims			
Hitler rearmament and conscription			
The Rhineland 1936			
Relationship with Italy and Mussolini			
Anschluss 1938			
Sudetenland 1938			
Nazi-Soviet pact 1939			